

Institute for Food Safety and Hygiene



UCD Institute of Food and Health in conjunction with the UCD Centre for Food Safety and the National Zoonoses Committee

Antimicrobial Resistance: A Whole Food Chain Approach

Dublin, 16-Dec-2014

The broader environment and its impact on the dissemination of antimicrobial resistance

Herbert Hächler

Swiss National Centre for Enteropathogenic Bacteria and Listeria (NENT)

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Contents

- Resistance dissemination: Theory
- β-lactams, β-lactamases, ESBLs: Basics
- Studies at NENT / ILS Zürich and UCD Dublin:
 ESBLs along food chain and in the environment
- Besançon: ESBLs from Hospitals / waste water treamtent

Conclusions



Food production → environment?

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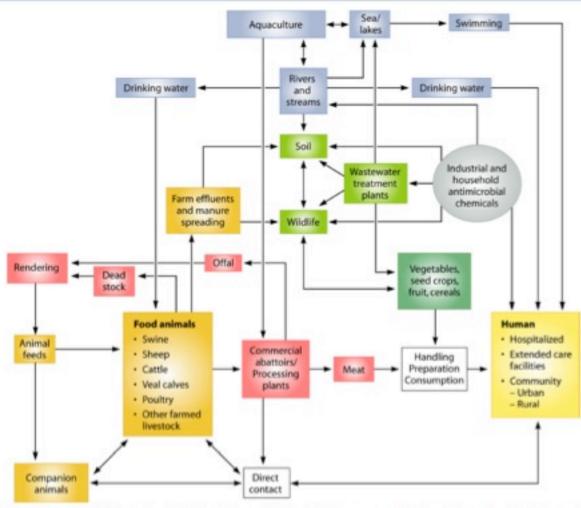


FIG. 4. Dissemination of antibiotics and antibiotic resistance within agriculture, community, hospital, wastewater treatment, and associated environments. (Adapted from reference 49 and reference 83a with permission of the publishers.)

Davies et al. 2010. MMBR 74:417-433

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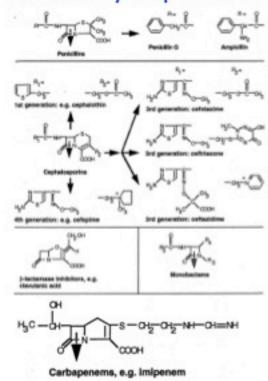


Why beta-lactams?

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Extremely important:



β-Lactams:

- Penicillins
- Inhibitor Combinations
- Cephalosporins
- Carbapenems
- etc.

Why? → Because around 2/3 of human anti-infectious therapies worldwide are still based on β-lactams!



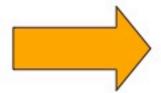


Why ESBLs?

NENT

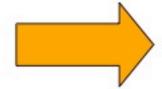
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Gram-positive: Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus

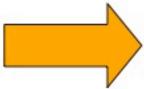


MRSA

Gram-negative: Producers of extended-spectrum β-lactamase







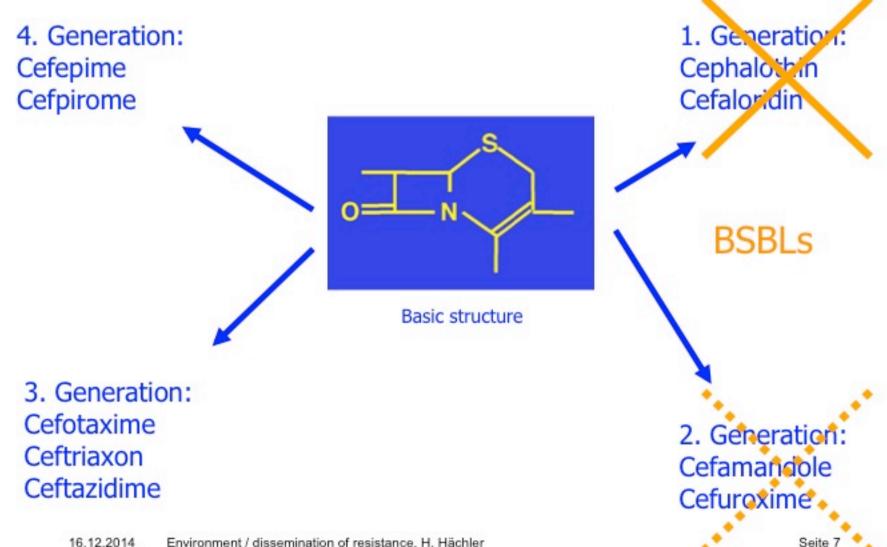
Even more abundant!





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Corruption of cephalosporins 1: BSBLs

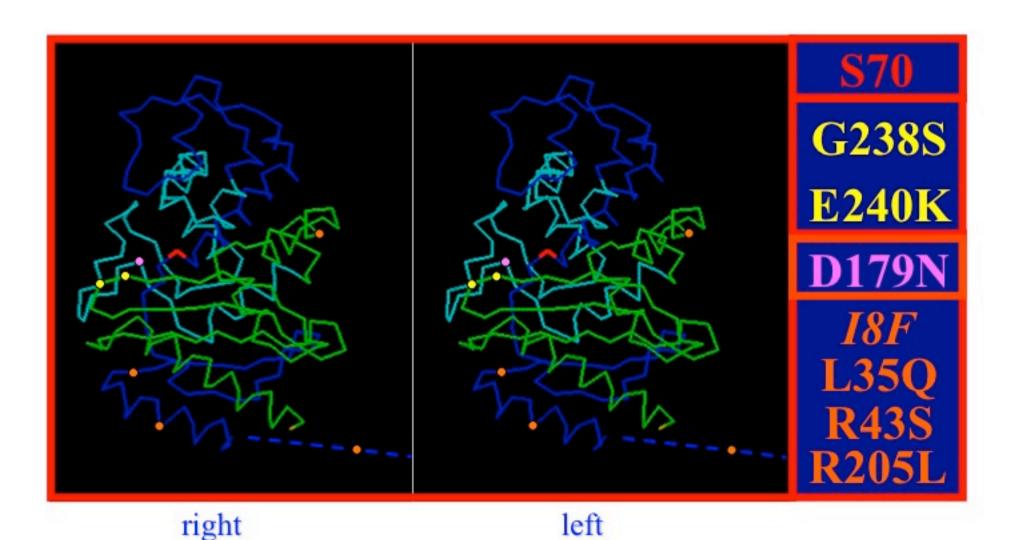






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Amino acid substitutions: BSBL →ESBL

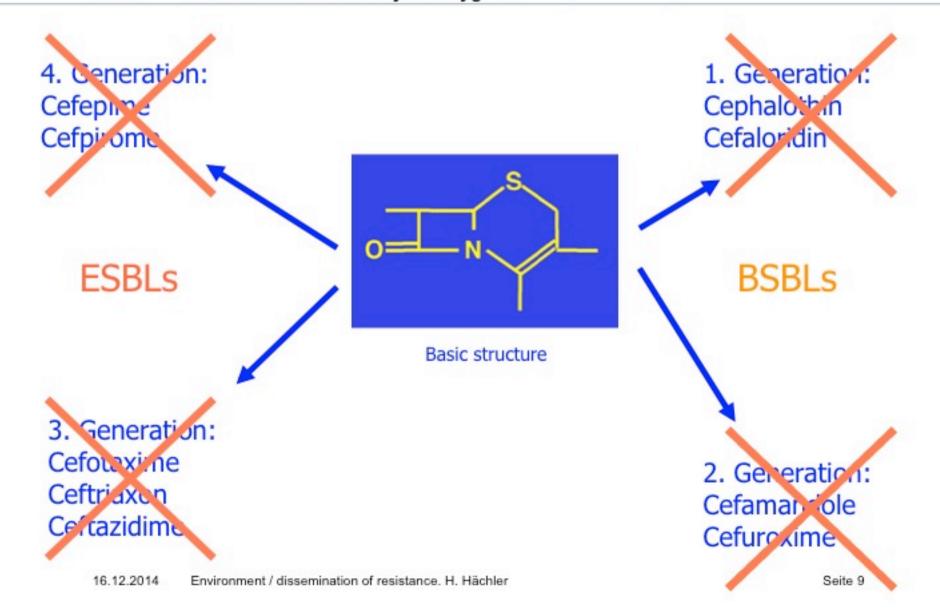






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Corruption of cephalosporins 2: ESBLs







Evolution of ESBL diversity

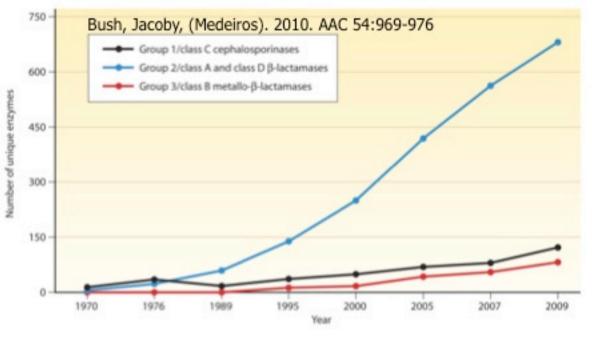
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ESBL: Dissemination

Worldwide!





And: ESBLs diversify at a great speed

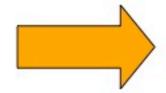




ESBL: when and where?

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- 1983: SHV-2 (published by German group)
- 2. 1987: TEM-3 (published by French group)
- 3. 1993: First time in Switzerland (SHV-11, SHV-12)
- By 1997: TEM >50, SHV >10: → Worldwide!
- 5. From ca. 2001: slow displacement of TEM/SHV by CTX-M
- 6. Until 2005: Mainly nosocomial problem (outbreaks)
- Since 2006: Steady increase in general community [Mesa RJ. 2006. AAC 58:211-215]







World dissemination CTX-M enzymes

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The Trade Routes of the CTX-M Enzymes

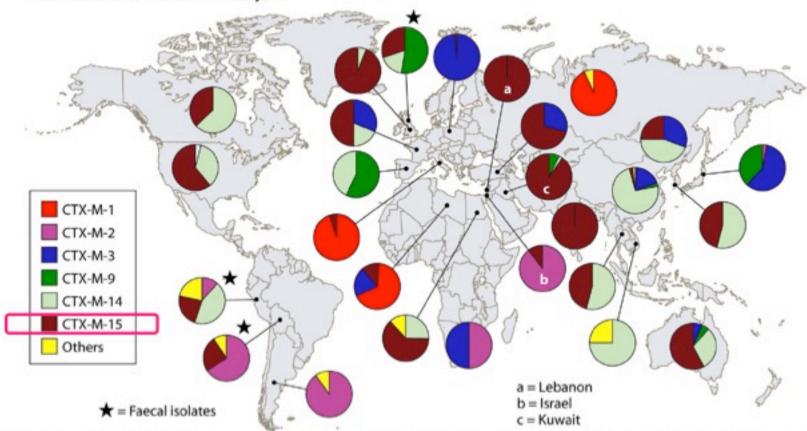


FIG. 3. Worldwide distribution of different classes of CTX-M β-lactamases (first identified in 1989). (Reprinted from reference 71 by permission of Oxford University Press.)

Davies et al. 2010. MMBR 74:417-433

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ESBL prevalence in food animals

1.	Total of ESBL producers	91
2.	Eschericha coli	89
3.	Citrobacter youngae	1
4.	Enterobacter cloacae	1

Origin	n	ESBL producing strains 17 (13.7%)		
cattle	124			
calves	63	16 (25.3%)		
others	61	1 (1.6%)		
pig	59	9 (15.3%)		
chicken	93	59 (63.4%)		
sheep	58	5 (8.6%)		
lambs	40	2 (5.0%)		
others	18	3 (16.7%)		











ESBL prevalence in food

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Origin	n ESBL producing strains			
meat (Ground beef and pork)	104	0 (0.0%)		
milk	167	1 (0.6%)	A STATE OF	
Bulk tank milk	100	0 (0.0%)	Mary or	
E. coli mastitis milk	67	1 (1.5%)		



ESBL producers in humans

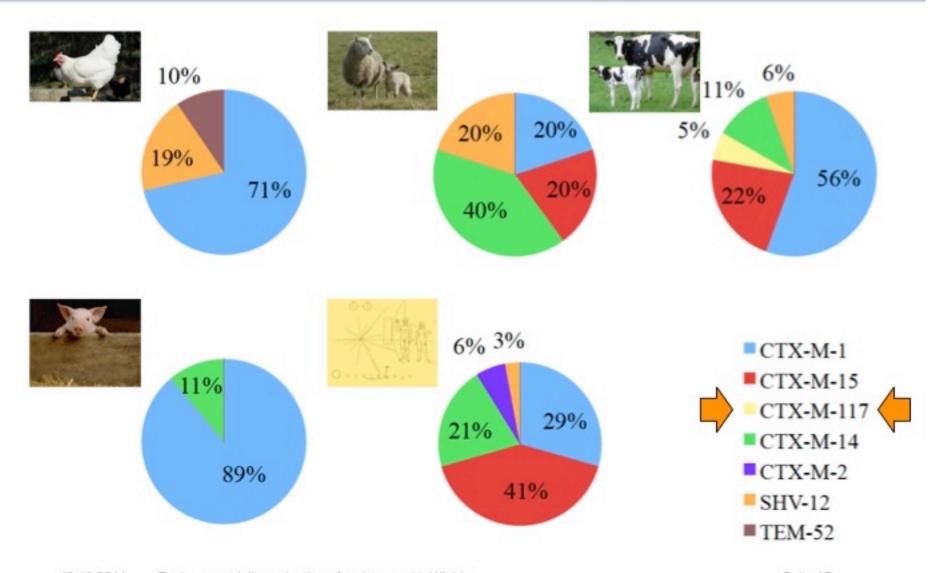
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Stool samples from healthy humans scr	eened 586
Positive for ESBL producers	34
%	5.8
Involved bacterial species	1 (Escherichia coli)
Expressing additional TEM-1	15 (44 %)



Types of ESBLs

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Published at ILS 2011 - 2012

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Journal of Food Protection, Vol. 74, No. 3, 2011, Pages 446-449 doi:10.4315/0362-038X.JFP-10-372 Copy light D. Hermatonii Association for Food Protection

Research Note

Fecal Carriage of Extended-Spectrum β-Lactamase-Producing

Enterobacteriaceae in Swine and Cattle at Slaughter

in Switzerland

N. GESER, R. STEPHAN, P. KUHNERT, R. ZBINDEN, U. KAEPPELL, N. CERNELA, AND H. HAECHLER*



Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 2012, 56(3):1609. DOI: 10.1128/AAC.05539-11.

Molecular Identification of Extended-Spectrum-β-Lactamase Genes from Enterobacteriaceae Isolated from Healthy Human Carriers in Switzerland

Nadine Geser,* Roger Stephan,* Bozena M. Korczak,b Lothar Beutin,c and Herbert Hächler*

Occurrence and characteristics of extended-spectrum beta-lactamase (ESBL) producing Enterobacteriaceae in food producing animals, minced meat and raw milk

BMC Veterinary Research 2012, 8:21 doi:10.1186/1746-6148-8-21

Nadine Geser (nadine.geser@access.uzh.ch) Roger Stephan (stephanr@fsafety.uzh.ch) Herbert Hachler (haechlerh@fsafety.uzh.ch)



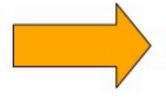


ESBL in poultry

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Beta-lactamase	Frequency	Frequency (%)	
TEM BSBL	2/9	22	
AmpC type CMY-2	5/9	56	
ESBL type CTX-M-1	7/9	78	







ESBL on kitchen cutting boards

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 Cutting boards from the hospital kitchen were sampled after various foods had been cut:

- The boards had to be washed or even treated in the dish washer to make sure to avoid carry-over
- No ESBL producers were detected after cutting of either beef, pork, lamb, fish or vegetables
- 4. ESBL producers were found on 15.6% of the boards after cutting of poultry: 80% of the isolates produced CTX-M-1



Publications

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Extended-Spectrum β-Lactamase (ESBL)-Producing Enterobacteriaceae: A Threat from the Kitchen

Sarah Tschudin-Sutter, MD, MSc;¹ Reno Frei, MD;² Roger Stephan, DVM;³ Herbert Hächler, PhD;³ Danica Nogarth;¹ Andreas F. Widmer, MD, MSc¹

INFECTION CONTROL AND HOSPITAL EPIDEMIOLOGY MAY 2014, VOL. 35, NO. 5

Journal of Food Protection, Vol. 77, No. 1, 2014, Pages 112–115 doi:10.4315/0362-028X.JFP-13-120 Copyright ©: International Association for Food Protection

Research Note

Characteristics of Extended-Spectrum Cephalosporin-Resistant Escherichia coli Isolated from Swiss and Imported Poultry Meat

H. ABGOTTSPON,1 R. STEPHAN,1* C. BAGUTTL2 P. BRODMANN,2 H. HÄCHLER,1 AND K. ZURFLUH1



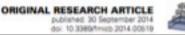


Vertical transmission of ESBLs in chickens

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Vertical transmission of highly similar bla_{CTX-M-1}-harboring Incl1 plasmids in Escherichia coli with different MLST types in the poultry production pyramid

Katrin Zurfluh¹, Juan Wang², Jochen Klumpp³, Magdalena Nüesch-Inderbinen¹, Séamus Fanning² and Roger Stephan' *

- Institute for Food Safety and Hypiene, Vetsuisse Faculty, University of Zurich, Zürich, Switzerland
- UCD Centre for Food Safety, School of Public Health, Physiotherapy and Population Science, UCD Centre for Molecular Innovation and Drug Discovery, University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland
- Institute of Food, Nutrition and Health, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology in Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland

Edited by:

Komelia Smella, Julius Kühn-Institut -Federal Research Centre for Cultivated Plants, Germany

Reviewed by:

Yui Monta Aighi Gakuin University. Siddharth Kaushal Tripathi, University

of Mississippi, USA

*Correspondence:

Roger Stephan, Institute for Food Safety and Hygiene, Vetsuisse Faculty, University of Zurich, Winterthurerstr 272. CH-8057 Zurich. Switzerland e-mail: stephanr@fsefety.uch.ch

Objectives: The purpose of this study was to characterize sets of extended-spectrum β-lactamases (ESBL)-producing Enterobacteriaceae collected longitudinally from different flocks of broiler breeders, meconium of 1-day-old broilers from theses breeder flocks, as well as from these broiler flocks before slaughter.

Methods: Five sets of ESBL-producing Escherichia coli were studied by multi-locus sequence typing (MLST), phylogenetic grouping, PCR-based replicon typing and resistance profiling. The blacts_M_1-harboring plasmids of one set (pHV295.1, pHV114.1, and pHV292.1) were fully sequenced and subjected to comparative analysis.

Results: Eleven different MLST sequence types (ST) were identified with ST1056 the predominant one, isolated in all five sets either on the broiler breeder or meconium level. Plasmid sequencing revealed that blacTX_M_1 was carried by highly similar Incl1/ST3 plasmids that were 105 076 bp, 110 997 bp, and 117 269 bp in size, respectively

Conclusions: The fact that genetically similar Incl1/ST3 plasmids were found in ESBLproducing E. coli of different MLST types isolated at the different levels in the broiler production pyramid provides strong evidence for a vertical transmission of these plasmids from a common source (nucleus poultry flocks).

Keywords: E. coll, plasmid sequencing, CTX-M-1, poultry production pyramid, Incl1, conjugation

Most F. coli with variable genetic background

- IncI1 plasmids highly similar
- Evidence for vertical transmisson of IncI1::bla_{CTX-M-1} plasmids from nucleus poultry flocks

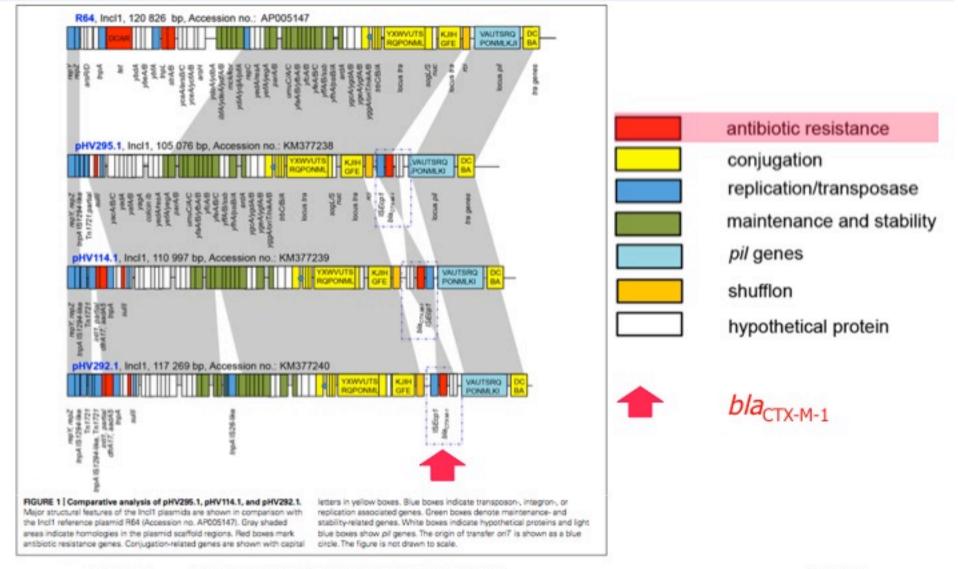
www.frontiersin.org

September 2014 | Volume 5 | Article 519 | 1





Vertical transmission of ESBLs in chickens

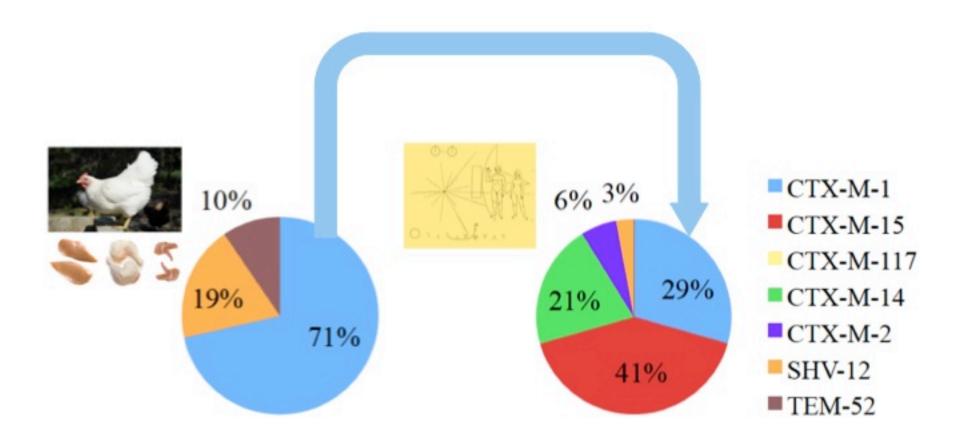




ESBL in poultry

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Plausible explanation for human burden due to CTX-M-1 expressing E. coli





ESBLs in feral birds

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Feral rock pigeon Columba livia

Great cormorant Phalacrocorax carbo







ESBLs in feral birds: Results

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Sample size:

Pigeons	298	Cormorants	30	
Strain	Origin	β-Lactamase	MLST	Phylogroup
W117E	Pigeon	CTX-M-15	N/D	B2
W117C	Pigeon	CMY-2	ST457	D
W132	Pigeon	CMY-2	ST457	D
W265	Pigeon	CMY-2	ST457	D
W34	Cormorant	CTX-M-15	ST120	B1
W43	Cormorant	CTX-M-27	ST131	B2



ESBLs in feral birds: Reference

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Katrin Zurfluh Magdalena Nüesch-Inderbinen Roger Stephan Herbert Hächler*

Institute for Food Safety and Hygiene, Vetsuisse Faculty, University of Zurich, Winterthurerstrasse 272, CH-8057 Zurich, Switzerland

Higher-generation cephalosporin-resistant *Escherichia coli* in feral birds in Switzerland

Letters to the Editor / International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents 41 (2013) 292-299

doi:10.1016/j.ijantimicag.2012.11.005



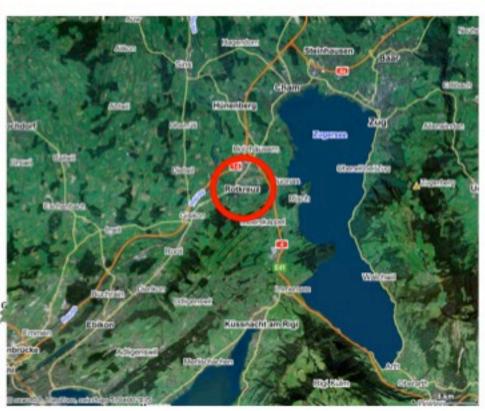
ESBL in wild animal!!

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Total fecal samples analysed: 235





Positive: 1 Roe deer hunted in Rotkreuz ZG

Sequenced ESBL: → CTX-M-1

Doctoral thesis: Tobias Obwegeser





Roe deer: Reference

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Schweizer Archiv für Tierheilkunde © 2012 Verlag Hans Huber, Hogrefe AG, Bern R. Stephan, H. Hächler, Band 154, Heft 11, November 2012, 475-478 DOI 10.1024/0036-7281/a000390

ESBL producing E. coli in wild ruminants

Discovery of extended-spectrum \(\beta \)-lactamase producing Escherichia coli among hunted deer, chamois and ibex

R. Stephan, H. Hächler

Institute for Food Safety and Hygiene, University of Zurich





ESBL in fresh water fish

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64 Whitefish Coregonus lavaretus



33 Perch Perca fluvuiatilis



29 Roach Rutilus rutilus

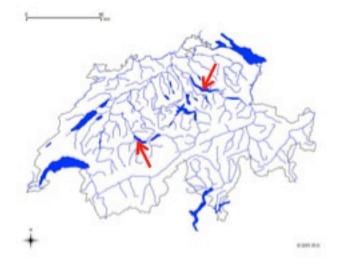


6 Brown Trout Salmo trutta

139 Samples from:

Lake of Zurich

Lake of Thun



4 Pike Esox lucius



Bream Abramis brama



Tench Tinca tinca



1 Sunfish Centrarchidae



ESBL in fresh water fish

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26 / 139 fish (18.7%) yielded 33 carriers of pAmpC or ESBL: 23 (16.5%) from lake Zurich, 3 (2.2%) from lake Thun

Among the 33 strains, the following bla genes were found:

13 *bla*CTX-M-15 7 *bla*CTX-M-27

4 blaCTX-M-1

4 *bla*CTX-M-14 2 *b*laCTX-M-24

2 *bla*SHV-12

1 blaCMY-2



ESBL in fresh water fish

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LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Enterobacteriaceae with Extended-Spectrum- and pAmpC-Type β-Lactamase-Encoding Genes Isolated from Freshwater Fish from Two Lakes in Switzerland

Helga Abgottspon, Magdalena T. Nüesch-Inderbinen, Katrin Zurfluh, Denise Althaus, Herbert Hächler, Roger Stephan

Institute for Food Safety and Hygiene, Vetsuisse Faculty University of Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland

2482 aac.asm.org

Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy p. 2482-2484

April 2014 Volume 58 Number 4

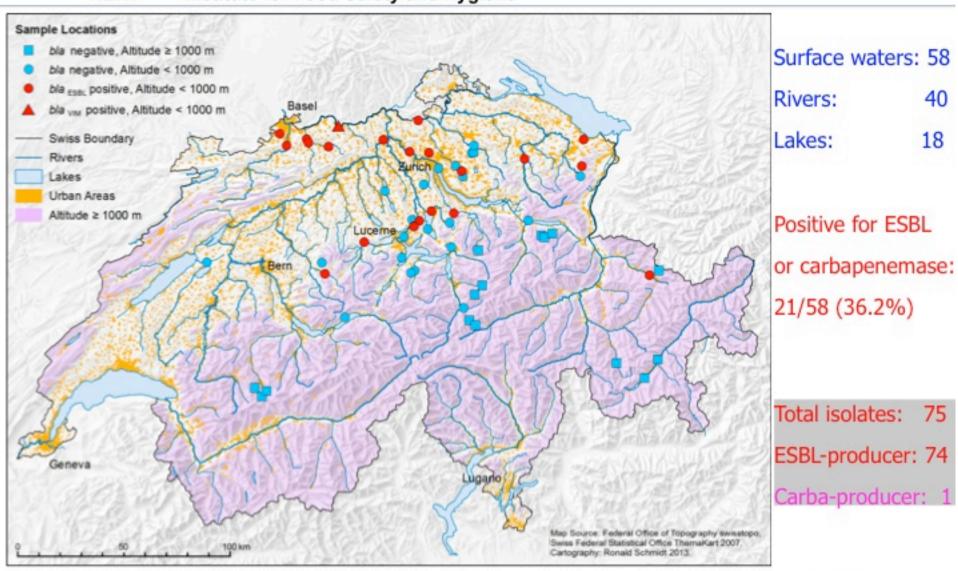




3rdGen-Ceph^R and Carb^R in surface waters

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40

18





Analogy WWII

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Sir Winston Churchill: House of Commons June-18, 1940

"What General Weygand called The Battle of France is over. I expect that The Battle of Britain is about to begin"

http:// www.winstonchurc hill.org/learn/ speeches/ speeches-ofwinston-churchill/ 122-their-finesthour

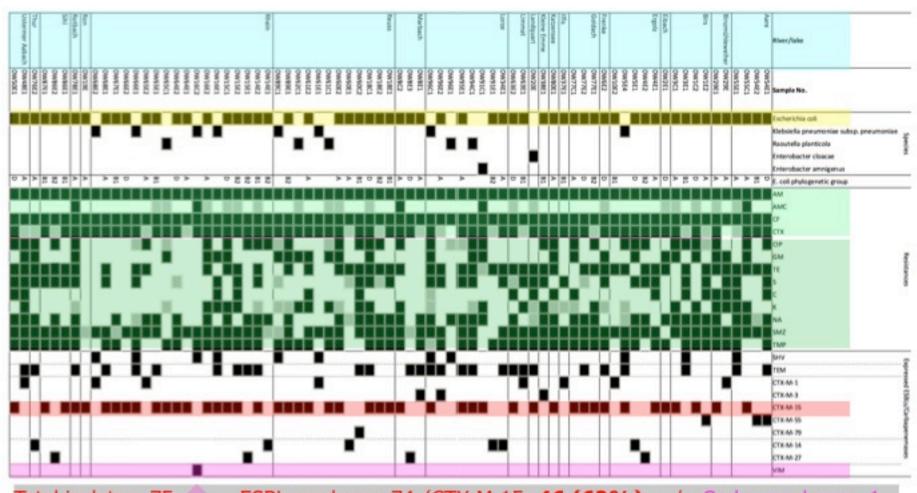
Analogy: The battle against ESBLs is over. I expect that the battle against carbapenemases is about to begin





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3rdGen-Ceph^R and Carb^R in surface waters



Total isolates: 75

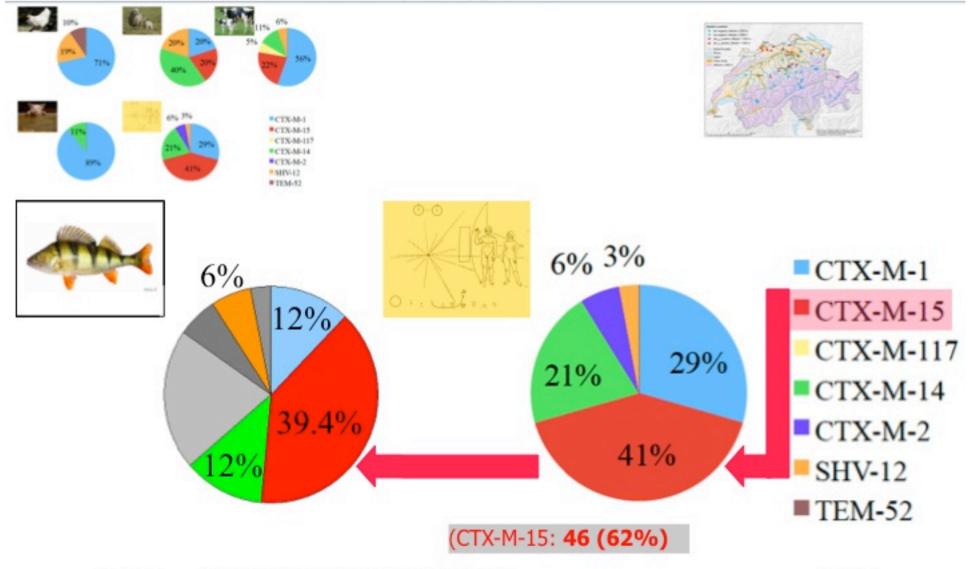
ESBL-producer: 74 (CTX-M-15: 46 (62%)

Carba-producer: 1





Origin of CTX-M-15 producers in water??







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Surface waters: Reference



Characteristics of Extended-Spectrum β -Lactamase- and Carbapenemase-Producing *Enterobacteriaceae* Isolates from Rivers and Lakes in Switzerland

Katrin Zurfluh, Herbert Hächler, Magdalena Nüesch-Inderbinen, Roger Stephan

Institute for Food Safety and Hygiene, Vetsuisse Faculty, University of Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland

May 2013 Volume 79 Number 9

Applied and Environmental Microbiology p. 3021-3026

aem.asm.org 3021





General-Media Coverage

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SchweizNachrichten

Killer-Keime in Gewässern

Resistente Fäkalbakterien Ursache von nur schwer behandelbaren Infektionen

on worden multirosistente Filkali haktorion gefanales, Relien on nine hakitan mullion, Manus six and Aprillmetika Saum much behad Highline Witnester der Studie no Buildenies and Listories an Inatter für Colonomitelasberbeit und degime der Vetesten Fü-laskät der Untvenkät Zürsch.

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VERSONAL RESEARCH







"Art work" for detailed plasmid comparison

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ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLE

MICROBIOLOGY

Molecular characterization of blassas harboring conjugative plasmids identified in multi-drug resistant Escherichia coli

Jan-Wong I , Roper Stephan I , Maria Kanzmarczyk I . Gianggiveg Yor I . Nethert Hadder I and Secreta Fanctop I

Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy Advance Access published June 11, 2014 Antimicrobial

isolated from food-producing animals and healthy humans

J Antimicrob Chemisther 6x(10.10906xx36x296

Chemotherapy

Nucleotide sequences of 16 transmissible plasmids identified in nine multidrug-resistant Escherichia coli isolates expressing an ESBL phenotype isolated from food-producing animals and healthy humans

Juan Wang*, Roger Stephen*, Koren Fower*, Glanggiang Yorr*, Herbert Höckler* and Séamus Foneing*.7*

EPIDEMIOLOGY



A Novel Tn3-Like Composite Transposon Harboring blavim-1 in Klebsiella pneumoniae spp. pneumoniae Isolated from River Water

Katrin Zurfuh, Karen A. Power, ^{5,3} Jochen Klumpp, ⁴ Juan Wang, ^{5,3} Stamus Fanning, ^{5,3} and Roger Stephan⁷

ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLE

Proof. Horston, 30 Getoine 2014 | day 10.3381/hears.2014.0088

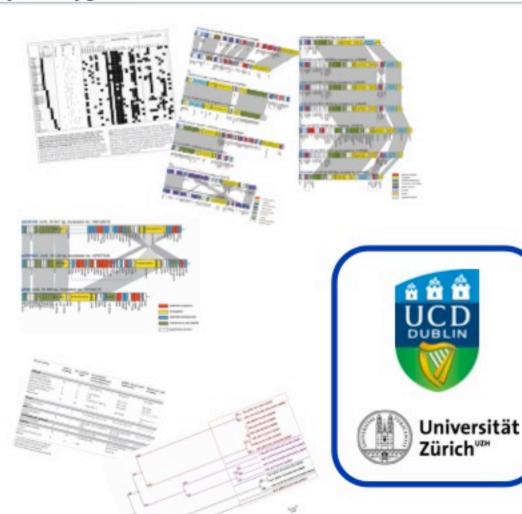


Replicon typing of plasmids carrying blacts. in Enterobacteriaceae of animal, environmental and human origin

L Katrin Zurfluh, L Gianna Jakobi, L Roger Stephan', L Herbert Hächler and Magdalena Nüesch-Inderbinen

Juan Wang¹, Roger Stephan², Katrin Zurfluh², Herbert Hächler² and Séamus Fanning^{1,2*} Characterization of the genetic environment of biacco, genes, integrons and toxin-antitoxin systems identified on large transferrable plasmids in multi-drug resistant Escherichia coli

Frontiers in Microbiology: In press





"Art work" for detailed plasmid comparison

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Poultry-derived plasmids with *bla*_{CTX-M-1}→ highly linked to Incl1/ST3, human-, cattle and pig-derived ones to a lesser extent plus to Incl1/ST1

Human-derived plasmids with bla_{CTX-M-15}→ predominantly linked to IncF, and, to a lesser extent, to IncI1, IncK and IncR

Moreover, many conjugative plasmids carrying bla_{CTX-M} genes express Toxin/Antitoxin systems for stability

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Conclusions



Hospital sewage, France

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http:// www.limmattalerzeitung.ch/ limmattal/zuerich/dankklaerschlammverwertungsanlagephosphorgewinnen-125877877



MAJOR ARTICLE

Wastewater Treatment Plants Release Large Amounts of Extended-Spectrum β-Lactamase– Producing *Escherichia coli* Into the Environment

Caroline Bréchet, Julie Plantin, Marlène Sauget, Michelle Thouverez, Daniel Talon, Pascal Cholley, Christophe Guyeux, Didier Hocquet, and Xavier Bertrand

¹Service d'Hygiène Hospitalière, UMR 6249 Chrono-environnement, Centre Hospitalier Régional Universitaire, Université de Franche-Comté, Besançon; and ²Département DISC, Institut FEMTO-ST, UMR 6174 CNRS, Université de Franche-Comté, Belfort, France

(See the Editorial Commentary by Griffiths and Barza on pages 1666-7.)





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Total E. coli in waste water (/ml): Urban > hospital

 $7.5 \times 10^5 > 3.5 \times 10^5 \times 2.2$

2. ESBL *E. coli* in waste water (/ml): Urban < hospital

 $0.8 \times 10^3 < 27 \times 10^3 \times 34$

3. Elimination total *E. coli* in WWTPlant: 98%

4. Elimination ESBL *E. coli* in WWTPlant: 94%

→ Relative enrichment of ESBL E. coli by WWTPlant !!

5. Daily release of ESBL *E. coli* into river Doubs >600x10⁸

ESBL E. coli in sludge (fertilizer) from WWTP 2.6x10⁵/g

http://www.medscape.com/viewarticle/824743



Editorial / Medscape digest

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When the investigators tested isolates for antibiotic susceptibility, they found that the ESBLEC in the hospital wastewater were more resistant to antibiotics than those in the urban wastewater, particularly to ceftazidime (P < .001) and ofloxacin (P < .001).

Our results suggest that there is a need for improvements in the monitoring of antibiotic-resistant microorganisms of human origin in effluent," they conclude.

In an editorial commentary accompanying the study, Jeffrey K. Griffiths, MD, MPH, from the Department of Public Health and Community Medicine, Tufts University, Boston, Massachusetts, and Michael Barza, MD,

from the Steward Carney Hospital, Tufts University School of Medicine, emphasize that effective treatment of hospital wastewater should be a key component in efforts to stem antibiotic resistance.

http://www.medscape.com/viewarticle/824743





France → Switzerland

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ESBLs in healthy humans: France

6%

Bréchet et al. 2014. CID 58:1658-1665; Nicolas-Chanoine et al. 2013. JAC 68:562-568



Switzerland

Stool samples from healthy humans scree	ned 586
Positive for ESBL producers	34
%	5.8
Involved bacterial species	1 (Escherichia coli)
Expressing additional TEM-1	15 (44 %)
21.05.2014 ESBL entiang der Lebensmittelkette. H. Hächler	Selle 35



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Contents

- Resistance dissemination: Theory
- β-lactams, β-lactamases, ESBLs: Basics
- Studies at NENT / ILS Zürich and UCD Dublin:
 ESBLs along food chain and in the environment
- Besançon: ESBLs from Hospitals / waste water treamtent

Conclusions





Conclusions

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ESBL producing *Enterobacteriaceae* in Switzerland are to be found in patients, healthy humans, food, farm animals, wild fish, birds and mammals as well as in surface waters

There is strong evidence for transmission of CTX-M-1 producers between chicken (products) and humans

CTX-M-15 is the most frequent ESBL in humans, in WWTPs, and in surface waters

Although located on conjugative plasmids of various Inc groups, bla_{CTX-M} genes were most often associated with transposable elements such as ISEcp1 or IS26 suggesting common ancestry

The reservoir of CTX-M-15 producers is as yet unknown, but preliminary results seem to suggest vegetable foods **Confidential!**





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